## II B.Tech - I Semester - Regular / Supplementary Examinations DECEMBER 2023

## ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I (ELCTRICAL \& ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

## Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. This paper contains questions from 5 units of Syllabus. Each unit carries 14 marks and have an internal choice of Questions.
2. All parts of Question must be answered in one place.

BL - Blooms Level
CO - Course Outcome

|  |  |  | BL | CO | Max. <br> Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNIT-I |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | a) | Find expression for magnetic force developed in a doubly-excited translational magnetic system. | L3 | CO 2 | 7 M |
|  | b) | Define the key magnetic quantities used in magnetic circuit analysis and discuss their significance in understanding magnetic systems. | L2 | CO1 | 7 M |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | a) | Derive expressions for field energy and co-energy in a singly-excited electromechanical unit. | L3 | CO 2 | 7 M |
|  | b) | Describe the B-H curve of magnetic materials and its importance in characterizing magnetic behavior. | L3 | CO 2 | 7 M |


| UNIT-II |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | a) | A long-shunt compound generator delivers a load of 50 A at 500 V and has armature, series field and shunt field resistances of $0.05 \Omega, \quad 0.03 \Omega$ and $250 \Omega$ respectively. Calculate the generated voltage and the armature current. Allow 1V per brush for contact drop. | L3 | CO 2 | 7 M |
|  | b) | Explain the armature reaction in detail for a DC machine. | L4 | CO4 | 7 M |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | a) | Explain the process of commutation and list various methods of improving Commutation. | L3 | CO 2 | 7 M |
|  | b) | An 8-pole generator has an output of 200A at 500 V , the wave-connected armature has 1280 conductors and 160 commutator segments. If the brushes are advanced 4 -segments from the no-load neutral axis, estimate the armature demagnetizing and cross-magnetizing ampere-turns per pole. | L4 | CO4 | 7 M |
| UNIT-III |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | a) | Explain the significance of back EMF of a DC motor. Derive the torque equation of a DC motor. | L4 | CO4 | 7 M |
|  | b) | A 220 V, D.C. shunt motor takes 4A at noload when running at 700 r.p.m. The field resistance is $100 \Omega$. The resistance of armature at standstill gives a drop of 6 V across armature terminals when 10A were passed through it. Calculate (i) speed on load (ii) torque in $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{m}$ and (iii) efficiency. The normal input of the motor is 8 kW . | L4 | CO4 | 7 M |

## OR

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 6 \& a) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Explain speed-current, torque-current and speed-torque characteristics of DC shunt motor. \\
A 220 V series motor running at a certain speed takes 25 A . Its armature and series field resistances are 0.3 ohm and 0.1 ohm respectively. Find the resistance to be inserted in series with the armature to reduce the speed by \(30 \%\). Assume that the total torque varies as the cube of the speed and the flux is proportional to the current.
\end{tabular} \& L4

L4 \& CO 4

CO 4 \& 7 M

7 M <br>
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{UNIT-IV} <br>
\hline 7 \& a) \& Derive an expression for the emf induced in a transformer winding. \& L3 \& CO3 \& 7 M <br>
\hline \& b) \& A single-phase transformer with a ratio of $440 / 110 \mathrm{~V}$ takes a no-load current of 5 A at 0.2 power factor lagging. If the secondary supplies a current of 120 A at a p.f. of 0.8 lagging, estimate the current taken by the primary. \& L3 \& CO3 \& 7 M <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## OR

8 a) A residential apartment arranged an 800 kVA transformer for feeding power to their residents. It has core loss of 1.42 kW and full load copper loss of 7.5 kW . Calculate the all-day efficiency if the transformer operates on the following duty cycle:

| Time duration | Load details |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 hours | $500 \mathrm{~kW} @ 0.8 \mathrm{pf} \mathrm{lag}$ |
| 4 hours | $700 \mathrm{~kW} @ 0.9 \mathrm{pf} \mathrm{lag}$ |
| 4 hours | $300 \mathrm{~kW} @ 0.95 \mathrm{pf} \mathrm{lag}$ |
| 10 hours | No Load |


|  | b) | Explain the operation of transformer operating on R-L load with the help of a phasor diagram. | L3 | CO3 | 7 M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNIT-V |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | a) | Write a brief note on tap changing transformers. | L4 | CO5 | 7 M |
|  | b) | A $5 \mathrm{kVA}, 110 / 110 \mathrm{~V}$, single phase, 50 Hz transformer has a full load efficiency of $95 \%$ and an iron loss of 50 W . The transformer is now connected as an auto transformer to a 220 V supply. If it delivers a 5 kW load at unity power factor to a 110 V circuit, calculate the efficiency of the operation and the current drawn by the high voltage side. | L3 | CO3 | 7 M |
| OR |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | a) | What are the various three-phase transformer connections? Explain the star-star and star-delta connections with neat diagrams. | L4 | CO5 | 7 M |
|  | b) | Explain about the auto transformer and compare it with two winding transformer. | L4 | CO5 | 7 M |

